



# St Matthew's Catholic Primary School

## Science Curriculum Map 2023-2024



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EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p><b>Ourselves and Our Families</b></p> <p>Children Make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes.</p>	<p><b>Animals Including Humans-Ourselves</b></p> <p>Children will learn to identify, name and label basic parts of the human body. They will learn the basic functions of such body parts.</p>	<p><b>Living Things and their Habitats</b></p> <p>Pupils identify things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive They learn about habitats and basic food chains.</p>	<p><b>Animals Including Humans</b></p> <p>Pupils learn to identify that animals, need the right types and amount of nutrition which comes from what they eat. They also identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement</p>	<p><b>Animals Including Humans</b></p> <p>Pupils describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans They explore further by identifying the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions They work scientifically by: comparing the teeth of carnivores and herbivores and suggesting reasons for differences; finding out what damages teeth and how to look after them.</p>	<p><b>Earth and Space</b></p> <p>Pupils find out about the work of scientists including Copernicus and how they influenced our knowledge of the solar system. Pupils also learn about the solar system, sun and moon.</p>	<p><b>Animals Including Humans</b></p> <p>Pupils learn how to keep their bodies healthy and how their bodies might be damaged – including how some drugs and other substances can be harmful to the human body. Additionally, pupils learn how the circulatory system enables the body to function</p>
<p><b>Magical Me</b></p> <p>Children make observations about animals including humans. They learn about similarities and differences in features of humans, look at body parts and sense.</p>	<p><b>Seasons (Autumn)</b></p> <p>Pupils observe and talk about changes in the weather in Autumn. They learn how to investigate weather in Autumn and length of day during this season. They will make observations about plant, flowers, trees and habitats around them.</p>	<p><b>Animals Including Humans-Healthy Animals</b></p> <p>Pupils will be introduced to the basic needs of animals for survival, as well as the importance of exercise and nutrition for humans. They will also notice that animals have offspring that grow into adults.</p>	<p><b>Rocks and Fossils</b></p> <p>Pupils explore different kinds of rocks and soils, including those in the local environment based on their appearance and properties. They also learn how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock</p>	<p><b>Living Things and Their Habitats</b></p> <p>Pupils group living things in a variety of ways and explore and use classification keys to help group. Additionally, they recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things</p>	<p><b>Forces</b></p> <p>Pupils explore and investigate the impact that forces such as: gravity, air resistance, water resistance and friction have upon the speed and movement of objects. They work practically by investigating the effects of levers, pulleys and simple machines on movement.</p>	<p><b>Evolution and Inheritance</b></p> <p>Pupils find out more about how living things on earth have changed over time. They are introduced to the idea that characteristics are passed from parents to their offspring, They also learn that variation in offspring over time can make animals more or less able to survive in particular environments,</p>

<p><b>Growth and Change</b></p> <p>Children explore the idea of seasons and how plants and living things change over time and across the seasons.</p>	<p><b>Seasons (Winter)</b></p> <p>Pupils build on their learning from the Autumn Term about seasons. They begin to explore the changes in weather and day length as we move into the winter months and observe the differences in the living things around them.</p>	<p><b>Everyday Materials-</b></p> <p>Pupils will build upon their knowledge of materials from Year 1. They will investigate the impact of forces such as: bending, stretching and squeezing have upon such materials.</p>	<p><b>Forces and Magnets</b></p> <p>Pupils in this unit explore the everyday uses of magnets in the world around us. They work scientifically by exploring how magnets behave including their strength, how they behave to attract and repel one another and work with a range of magnets such as: bar, ring and horseshoe.</p>	<p><b>Electricity</b></p> <p>Pupils work in groups to construct simple series circuits, trying different components, including: bulbs, buzzers and motors, and including switches, and use their circuits to create simple devices</p>	<p><b>Forces (continued)</b></p> <p>Pupils continue to explore practically forces from Autumn Term. They will continue to develop their key scientific skills, collaboration and science roles.</p>	<p><b>Electricity</b></p> <p>Building on their work in year 4, pupils construct simple series circuits, to help them to answer questions about the impact on different components. They learn here how to represent circuits in a diagram using recognised symbols</p>
<p><b>Dinosaurs</b></p> <p>Children begin to look at rocks, soils and fossils. They discuss key terms such as herbivores, carnivores and omnivores. They learn about a range of dinosaurs.</p>	<p><b>Seasons(Spring)</b></p> <p>Pupils continue to observe changes across the season by investigating weather, temperature and day length in spring. Additional observations are based around living things and habitats during this season</p> <p><b>Animals Including Humans</b></p> <p>Pupils will identify, name and learn the basic structure of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals</p> <p>Children will also learn to identify basic animals including animals that are herbivore, carnivores or omnivores.</p>	<p><b>Everyday Materials-Continued</b></p> <p>Pupils will build upon their knowledge of materials from Spring 1. This topic will further develop with working scientific skills, scientific group roles and working collaboratively.</p>	<p><b>Light</b></p> <p>Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that light is reflected from surfaces. They will also learn how to investigate how shadows are formed and how to change the size of shadows.</p>	<p><b>States of Matter</b></p> <p>Pupils compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases</p> <p>observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C)</p> <p>identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature</p>	<p><b>Materials- Reversible and Irreversible</b></p> <p>Pupils explore reversible changes; including evaporating, filtering, sieving, melting and dissolving, recognising that melting and dissolving are different processes. Pupils explore changes that are difficult to reverse, They also research products created by scientists in the field of chemistry.</p>	<p><b>Light</b></p> <p>Pupils build upon their knowledge in year 3. They learn how light travels and behaves and how our eyes function so that we can see objects in the presence of light.</p>

<p><b>Space</b></p> <p>Children explore the planets of the solar system, begin to look at forces and observe phases of the moon.</p>	<p><b>Uses of Everyday Materials</b></p> <p>Pupils consolidate their learning from the previous topic by testing the suitability of materials for a purpose such as: what material would make the best raincoat?</p>	<p><b>Working Scientifically and Inspirational Scientists from Year 1 and 2</b></p> <p>Children will use this time to consolidate any prior learning from Key stage 1 by looking at inspirational scientists who have shaped our knowledge and understanding in the topics taught in Year 1 and 2.</p>	<p><b>Plants</b></p> <p>Pupils will build upon their learning in year 1 and 2 here. Pupils will develop further by learning about the functions of parts of flowering plants. They will learn about water transportation in plants and learn how to grow a wider variety of plants, fruit and vegetables.</p>	<p><b>States of Matter (continued)</b></p> <p>Children will continue to build upon their knowledge of states of matter from Spring 2. They will continue to develop their key scientific skills, collaboration and science roles.</p>	<p><b>Materials- Properties and Testing</b></p> <p>Pupils build upon their knowledge of materials in Key stage 1 by exploring and comparing the properties of a broad range of materials including those that are conductors and have magnetic properties.</p>	<p><b>Living Things and Their Habitats</b></p> <p>Pupils build on their learning about grouping living things by looking at the classification system in more detail including broad groupings, such as micro-organisms, plants and animals can be subdivided. They learn about the pioneering work of Carl Linnaeus</p>
<p><b>Beaches</b></p> <p>Children here look at a range of living things that can be found at the beach. They explore a range of materials that can be found at the beach, explore floating and sinking and materials that can be recycled. They discover the needs of living things and how we need to care for our water bodies and how pollution can impact upon living things whose habitat is within the sea.</p>	<p><b>Seasons (Summer)</b></p> <p>Children observe temperature, day length and weather in summer and compare these observations with those from the autumn, winter and spring including changes in habitats and living things such as plants, flowers and trees.</p> <p><b>Plants</b></p> <p>Children will begin to explore the structure of plants and flowers and use their observation and classification skills to compare and contrast these. Pupils will also learn common wild and garden plants including those that are deciduous and evergreen.</p>	<p><b>Plants- Growth and Care</b></p> <p>Pupils build upon their learning from earlier on in the year. Pupils will have a greater chance to see how the plants and flowers have grown and matured and harvest any food that they planted in spring.</p>	<p><b>Working as Scientists</b></p> <p>Children will develop some further understanding of working scientifically. They will research key scientists in the areas that they have learnt so far and doing some STEM challenges during this unit.</p>	<p><b>Sound</b></p> <p>Pupils identify how sounds are made, find patterns between the pitch of a sound and volume and the strength of the vibrations that produced it They investigate how sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increase</p>	<p><b>Living Things and their Habitats</b></p> <p>Pupils work scientifically by: observing and comparing the life cycles of plants and animals in their local environment. They also learn about types of sexual and asexual reproduction in plants, and sexual reproduction in animals.</p>	<p><b>Working Scientifically and Inspirational Scientists from Key stage 2</b></p> <p>Children will use this time to consolidate any prior learning from Key stage 2 by looking at inspirational scientists who have shaped our knowledge and understanding in the topics taught in lower and upper key stage 2.</p>

