



EYFS & KS1: Music End of Year Milestones 2024-25

		Voca 1	Year 2
	Early Years Foundation Stage	Year 1 Children will:	year 2
Use voice expressively and creatively	 Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. 	 Sing a variety of vocal warm-ups. Sing the song Your Imagination and I Like the Flowers in small groups and as a class. Sing together in an ensemble. Perform as a whole class ensemble at Christmas and the end of the year. 	 Sing a variety of vocal warm-ups. Sing London's Burning in unison and in a round, singing in 2-parts with increasing confidence and accuracy. Sing in another language - Siyahamba. Sing Friendship Song in solo, small groups and as a class. Perform as a whole class ensemble at Christmas and the end of the year.
Play tuned and untuned instruments	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.	 Play a variety of tuned and untuned instruments in groups and as a class. Understand the instrument families of the orchestra. Learn good instrumental technique - how to hold/play/care for. 	 Use percussion to explore pulse and rhythm to create a class performance. Use traditional African percussion instruments (djembes) to enhance performances. Learn a variety of simple melodies on the glockenspiel to help understand pitch and melody.
Experiment w/ create, select & combine sounds	 Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. Explore and use a variety of artistic effects to express ideas and feelings. 	 As a class, compose new lyrics for the song I Like the Flowers. Compose and perform short melodic and rhythmic phrases. 	 Improvise and compose short pieces of music using their bodies and instruments made from objects in the spaces they are in.
Musical Elements	PulsePitchRhythm	PulsePitchRhythm	PulsePitchRhythm/TempoDynamics





Musical notation (dot notation)

KS2: Music End of Year Milestones 2024 - 25

	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Children will:			
Play and perform vocally and instrumentally	 Play the glockenspiel, focusing on technique, pitch and rhythm. Explore a variety of percussion instruments and create a class composition. Use bodies, voices and instruments to explore rhythm and pulse. Perform as a whole class ensemble at Christmas and the end of the year. 	 Sing confidently and accurately in two-part harmony both in small groups and solo leading the class. Learn the chords C, Am and F to play a number of two and three chord songs. Play a range of music on the glockenspiel with accurate pitch and rhythm. Perform as a whole class ensemble at Christmas and the end of the year. 	 Play two and three chord songs as a class on the ukulele using C, Am, F and G7 and have an understanding of the twelve-bar blues. Perform melodic ostinato compositions as a whole class using a variety of classroom instruments. Perform as a whole class ensemble at Christmas and the end of the year. 	 Learn the chord G to add to previous chords learnt and play four chord songs. More confident students playing solo. Create a performance as a class including an original rap and at least one melodic hook. Develop tuned percussion skills and begin to develop ensemble skills, arranging, rehearsing and performing. Sing confidently in two and three part harmony. Perform as a whole class ensemble at Christmas and the end of the year.
Improvise and compose music	 Compose and improvise in small groups to create an original composition inspired by The Enormous Crocodile. In pairs/small groups, improvise and compose a rhythmic ostinato. 	Improvise and create their own lyrics for the song Drunken Sailor.	 Improvise and arrange a class performance of <i>La Bamba</i> Improvise with the twelvebar blues on the ukulele. In pairs/small groups, improvise and compose a melodic ostinato. 	 Compose melodic lines and an original rap for a class performance. Improvise solos on ukulele, percussion and glockenspiel for instrumental sections in song arrangements.





Use and
understand
staff and
other musical
notation

- Use rhythm grids to introduce the concept of music notation.
- Develop an understanding of how to play the glockenspiel through staff notation.
- Understand and use crotchets and quavers to create rhythmic ostinatos.
- Develop an understanding of the chords using C, F and Am and how they can be represented through tablature notation.
- Develop an understanding of the twelve-bar blues, through the ukulele.
- Build on existing knowledge of notation and graphic scoring when composing melodic ostinatos.
- Understand and use crotchets, quavers and semiquavers to create melodic ostinatos.
- Develop an understanding of the chords using C, F, G7 and Am and how they can be represented through tablature notation.

- Develop an understanding of the chords using C, F, G and G7 and Am and how they can be represented through tablature notation.
- Develop an understanding of the musical scale.
- Understand and use minims, semibreves, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers to create a whole class Samba performance.
- Use notation to compose a melodic hook, and to read melody and rhythm lines for ensemble parts.





listen and appraise a range of high-quality music

- Identify the pulse when listening to a variety of music.
- Identify the structure of a variety of Disco tracks.
- Explain how the words of the song tell a story.
- Develop an understanding of the glockenspiel.
- Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about a variety of music, including Disco, a range of classical music and reggae music.

- Identify the pulse when listening to a variety of music.
- Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about sea shanties and a variety of music, including Sea Shanties, Gospel and Soul Music and a range of ukulele music.
- Identify ostinatos in a variety of music.
- Identify the instruments/ voices/texture they can hear.
- Talk about musical elements used in a range of songs.
- Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about sea shanties and a variety of music, including a variety of pop music, a range of ukulele music and music featuring prominent ostinatos.
- Talk about any musical connection with previous knowledge and understanding.
- Identify the instruments/ voices/texture they can hear.
- Talk about musical elements used in a range of songs.
- Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about sea shanties and a variety of music, including Samba music, Hip Hop and a variety of pop music.

Musical Elements

- Pulse
- Pitch/melody
- Rhythm/Tempo (allegro/adagio)
- Dynamics (forte/piano)
- Musical notation; graphic scoring, staff notation (crotchets, quavers, minims)
- Texture (unison, layered, solo)
- Structure (call and response; question phrase, answer phrase, echo)

- Pulse
- Pitch/melody
- Rhythm/Tempo (allegro/adagio
- /accelerando/rallentando)
- Dynamics (crescendo/diminuendo)
- Musical notation; staff notation (crotchets, quavers, minims, rests)
- Texture (duet, melody and accompaniment)
- Structure (rounds and partner songs, repetition, contrast)

- Pulse
- Pitch/melody
- Rhythm/Tempo

 (allegro/adagio
 /accelerando/rallentando)
- Dynamics (mezzo forte/mezzo piano/ fortissimo/pianissimo)
- Musical notation; staff notation (crotchets, quavers, minims, semibreves, semiquavers, rests)
- Texture (music in 3 parts, music in 4 parts)

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- Pitch/melody
- Rhythm/Tempo
 (allegro/adagio
 /accelerando/rallentando)
- Dynamics (mezzo forte/mezzo piano/fortissimo/pianissimo)
- Musical notation; staff notation (crotchets, quavers, minims, semibreves, semiquavers, rests)
- Texture (music in 3 parts, music in 4 parts)
- Structure (ternary form, verse and chorus form, music with multiple sections)





	 Structure (ternary form, verse and chorus form, music with multiple sections) Timbre (e.g. pizzicato, tremolo) 	• Timbre (e.g. pizzicato, tremolo)